A CABINET CRISIS AVERTED BY PREMIER SA-GASTA'S FIRMNESS-MINISTER MORET'S POSITION.

Madrid, Nov 26.-At a meeting yesterday the Madrid, Nov 20. Ministers agreed to patch up their differences for the present and work harmoniously until the Government's difficulty with Morocco should be settled. The Ministers decided that when preparations at Melilla should be complete and all the should have been landed there, they would give the chief command to General Martinez de Campos.

Melilla should be complete and all the should have been landed there, they would give the chief command to General Martinez de Campos. General Martinez de Campos has been hurried for to Melilia in much greater haste than was expected at first. He started for Malaga to-night, and to-morrow will sail for Melilia. He is accompanied by several generals, and 7,000 troops will sail at the same time with him.

Paris, Nov. 28.—The Madrid correspondent of the Temps" telegraphs: "Premier Sagasta's firmness averted a crisis at the meeting of the Council yesierday evening. The trouble arose from a violent dispute between General Dominguez, War Minster, and Senor Gamazo. Finance Minister, It was hushed up, however, because it was feared that if the Queen learned of it she would recall the Conservatives to power. In accordance will not command at Melilia. General Martinez de Campos has been gazetted for the command. He arrived here to-day and will start almost immediately for Melilia. The people praise the appointment unanimously."

London, Nov. 27.—The Standard's" correspondent in Madrid had an interview yesterday with Senor Moret, Minister of Foreign Affairs. Senor Moret and wills departure from Spain's friendly attitude toward the Sultan Spain hoped that her cordial relations to the Sultan Spain hoped that her cordial relations to the Sultan Spain hoped that her cordial relations to the Sultan Spain hoped that her cordial relations to the Sultan Spain hoped that her cordial relations to the Sultan Spain hoped that her cordial relations to the Sultan Spain hoped that her cordial relations to the Sultan Spain hoped that her cordial relations to the Sultan Spain hoped that her cordial relations to the Sultan Spain hoped that her cordial relations to the Sultan Spain hoped that her cordial relations to the Sultan Spain hoped that her cordial relations to the Sultan Spain hoped that her cordial relations to the Sultan Spain hoped that her cordial relations to the Sultan Spain hoped that her cordial relations to the Sultan Spai

HOW BISMARCK FELL. AN INTRIGUE, LED BY VON BOETTICHER, SAID TO HAVE CAUSED HIM TO RETIRE-STAM-BULOFF AND PRINCE FERDINAND. (Copyright: 1893; By the United Press.)

Berlin, Nov. 28.-The old interest in Bismarck's will be revived by the statement of his semi official organ, the Leipsic "Neueste Nachrichten," that he demands the publication of his memorial to the Emperor in which he contended that he ald and would not resign, except at the Em "This memorial," says the "belongs to the German Nation, Other bublished papers prove that it was an intrigue, by Herr von Boetticher, who owes all he was Bismarck, that caused the Prince's retirement. etticher is the man who originally fanned the lifference between the Emperor and Bismarck to the white heat of anger. Boetticher knew the young Emperor's enthusiasm for the Grand Duke of Baden's and Dr. Hinzpeter's social-political ideas, and he worked upon the Emperor's mind against the Prince. Boetticher also trimmed his against the Prince. Boetticher also trimmed his sails in good time, and voted in the Cabinet Council against the Prince on the Labor Reform proposals. "General Verdy du Vernois, War Minister, voted with Bismarck, but afterward ran after the Emperor, and on the staircase gave him the false assurance that Bismarck had pledged every Minister on his honor to vote against the Emperor. This erroneous statement at once roused the Emperor's wrath, and gave Boetticher the first victory over his chief. Dr. Hinzpeter, Count Douglas and Herr von Hayden, the artist, all close friends of the Emperor, Joined the plot to overthrow the Chancellor. Ludwig Windthorst's memorable visit to Bismarck was a trap laid for the Frince, It was intended to make the Emperor believe that the Chancellor was negotiating for support in resisting the Imperial plans. The Prince's enemies kept the Emperor well informed of his every movement. Hence the Emperor's early visit to the Prince on the morning following the evening on which Windthorst made his call.

"Count Botho zu Eulenburg also was a special foe of the Prince. He, with Lohmann and Minister Thielen, Joined the conspirators in preparing the final coup. This was arranged at the house of Mme. de Lebbien. There Caprivi and Herr Schwabacher, Bleichroeder's pariner in the banking business, met in conference several times. It was soon after the last conference in the banking business, met in conference several times. It was soon after the last conference met the banking business, met in conference stat the Emperor diciently ruptured his relations to the Prince."

These revelations are stamped with the seal of renuline information, which could have come only from Bismarck's most intimate friends. They are ertain to cause a stir throughout the Empire, and o evoke envenomed explanations from the persons implicated. is in good time, and voted in the Cabinet Council

implicated.

The following remarkable story was started from St. Petersburg yesterday: The Russian Foreign Office has received an offer from Premier Stambusff, of Bulgaria, to arrest Prince Ferdinand and send him to Russia or Austria. For this service Stambuloff desirea a guarantee of f159,000 and a high official position in the new Bulgaria. M. de Giers, Russia's Minister of Foreign Affairs, replied that Russia could afford to await the natural decay of Bulgaria's present institutions.

Although this story is being sent all over Europe, it is such a palpable lie that its only significance is to be found in the proof it gives of Russia's desire to curtail the influence of the Bulgarian Blamarck.

PREMIER TRICOUPIS'S STATEMENT-ANXIOUS TO MAKE AN HONORABLE COMPROMISE.

Athens, Nov. 26.—In the parliamentary debate on the speech from the throne Premier Tricoupls said yesterday that Greece was no longer in a position to fulfil her financial engagements with foreign Powers. She was anxious to make an honorable compromise with the creditors, and would offer such terms as the state of the country would permit.

THINKS THE OUTLOOK FOR HOME RULE DARK.

Dublin, Nov. 28.—John E. Redmond, leader of the Parnellites, speaking in Wexford this evening, said he knew that the Government had not merely postponed the further consideration of Home Rule until 1894, but had determined, Justin McCarthy consenting, not to revive the subject in the present Parliament. The prospects of autonomy for Irraliament. The prospects of autonomy for Irraliand, Mr. Redmond added, were darker now than at any previous time in the last ten years.

URGES INCREASE OF THE ITALIAN NAVY. Rome, Nov. 25.—Signor Vecchi, a prominent writer on maritime subjects, has published a notable In it he declares that Italy cannot rely upon England's intervention for her in a European war. England realizes too well, he thinks, the disaster which a naval war would bring to her commercial interests to give up the advantages of neutrality and close the markets of Continental Powers to her steel and coal. Vecchi believes that in the event of war between Italy and France, the German fleet would remain in the Baltic. The Italian and Austrian fleets, however, would not suffice to defend Italy's shores. Therefore, it would be better to reduce expenditure for the army and increase the navy, at the same time establishing a great naval station at Trapani, on the west coast of Sicily.

icily.
Vecch's pamphlet has made a stir, as it is beleved to have been inspired from high quarters,
t may have some influence upon the settlement of
the Cabinet crisis.

THE POPE APPARENTLY IN GOOD HEALTH, Rome, Nov. 26.—The Pope celebrated mass this norning before fifty members of his entourage and ops. He was apparently in good health.

Pilgrimages to the Vatican which had been arranged to take place in January, have been postponed until February, that they may then mark the close of the Pope's Episcopal Jubilee.

## ROUND ABOUT EUROPE.

Chinese" Gordon's letters, journal and other relics have now been placed on public view in the manuscript department of the British Museum in London.

Forbidden to Trade.—The French Government has under consideration a petition for the repeal of the strict regulation which debars the wives of the subordinate functionaries of the civil service from embarking in trade, with the object of increasing their husbands' small stipends, which in many cases do not exceed \$200 per annum.

completing St. Paul's Cathedral.—Although nearly ree centuries have elapsed since St. Paul's thedral was opened to public worship, yet worken are still engaged in putting the finishing uches to the sacred edifice, and it is only now at the colossal statues of the saints and the thers of the Church are being hoisted into the ches prepared for them by Sir Christopher Wren, ound the drum of the great dome in the interior, the statue weighs over three tons, and the work hoisting them to such an enormous height contucted a labor of much peril and difficulty.

trayed by the Pope.—Leo XIII is reported to really affected by the death of his most trusted wer and friend, Cardinal Lorensi, who was in

his service at Perruggia and who acted as his private his service at Perruggia and who acted as his private secretary during the early years of his pontificate. As usual, it is the Pope who will have to pay the cost of his funeral, this being the rule in the case of all members of the Sacred College who happen to die in Italy. So great is the expense of these obsequies that the Pope at one time attempted to provide for it by withholding a certain sum annually from the stipend of the cardinals. The latter, however, objected to this kind of ante-mortem investment for post-mortem benefit so vigorously that the Holy Father was obliged to abandon the scheme.

Monza's Trees Disfigured.-So great is the finan-Monza's Trees Disfigured.—So great is the financial stringency in Italy that the municipality of Monza, which occupies the same relation toward King Humbert's summer residence that the town of Windsor does to Queen Victoria's castle there, has sold to the manufacturers of a new Swiss soap the right to "corkscrew" their advertisements round the trunks of the fine plane trees which line the avenue leading from Monza to Milan.

# SELECTIONS FROM THE MAIL.

GERMANS IN MUNICIPAL POLITICS. AN EXPLANATION OF THE ATTITUDE OF THE

To the Editor of The Tribune.

Sir: I observe in your issue of this date an arti-cle entitled "To Fight T. mmany Misrule," in which, referring to a certain meeting of the German-American Reform Union on Wednesday last, it was said that it is understood in German circles that German Democrats mean to have something to say when the arti. when the anti-Tammany organization comes to select its candidates, and to see to it that the ticket shall not be devoid of German names; also that a certain gentleman named by you is spoken of as a possible candidate for the office of Mayor. Permit me to say, as chairman of the Execu-tive Committee of the German-American Reform Union, in the first place, that it is not a party organization; in the second place, that it is not an or-ganization for pushing Germans or those of German descent to any office, and, in the third place, that it city of New-York is concerned, will be to assist in

subduing the power of Tammany Hall; for the purpose of assisting in giving to the city a pure government, and for the further purpose of eradicating in the most thorough possible manner corruption wherever it may have found a foothoid.

Our German-American citizens are not self-seekers. They propose to be, as they heretofore have been, intent only on the obtainment of good and honest public servants, without regard to race, nationality, religion or color. They propose to join the best citizens of other extraction in those efforts. Their earnest, and, I believe, effective campaign against Maynard's election to the Court of Appeals shows not only what stuff they are made of, but also the character of their aims. At the next municipal campaign they will vote for those gentiumen who may be selected to represent the principles of pure government, as contrasted with those thus far unfortunately maintained under the leadership of Tammany Hall. The programme of the German-American Reform Union is, "Down With Tammany Hall." This is their only programme on that issue.

A. V. BRIESEN.

New-York, Nov. 24, 1883.

EFFECT OF FOOD ON THE FLAVOR OF

EGGS. The flavor of eggs depends very much on the kind of food given to the poultry. When hens are fed largely or almost exclusively on milk the yolk is lighter in color, the white has a milky look, and the whole egg is watery and less firm in texture than those laid by grain-fed hens. The taste of the egg is also affected, being insipid and unsatisfactory when boiled or poached, and less fine for ordinary cooking purposes even. There is no use in saying that the idea of the quality of the eggs being influenced by the food of the hens is a mere whim, since it is a wellknown fact that the eggs of fowls kept in the neighborhood of the sea and fed almost entirely on fish-taken as they come, embracing the sorts-have "an ancient and fish-like" taste, if not "smell," and eggs coming from those regions sell for less in the market in some instances than those coming from districts further inland. The reasons why hens fed on "slops" of milk, etc., are able to give no better eggs to their owners is because the "old, old story" is repeated in their case. You demand the "tale of brick" of your servants, but you give them no straw to make them with. Curd hardly comes under the head of milk, and there is little danger of having it in large quantities to offer to your fowls. It contains all the best and most nutritious portions of the milk, without its objectionable, watery qualities. But the true feed for laying fowls is one-third or one-quarter Indian corn, ground or otherwise, and oats or wheat, together with milk and whatever scraps from the house are obtainable, and as much green vegetable food as they will eat; and with these, combined and fed properly, your eggs will be of the brushed of the regent and wither regers. if not "smell," and eggs coming from those rethese, combined and fed properly, your eggs will be of the true gold and silver stamp when the cook's fire has refined them and prepared them as a relieh for your breakfast table.—(Town and Country Journal.

Sir: I took The Daily Tribune when I was at Yale University, as my father did before me, and as I have done ever since, and do now. "The New-York World" says the tobacco crop in this Housatonic World" says the tobacco crop in this Housatonic Valley is \$3,000,600 this year. But it is said here, in New-Milford, the centre of the trade, that not a single sale of this year's crop has been made yet owing to fear of repeal of the duty on Sumatra. If our tobacco-raisers had taken more of The Tribune and less of "The World" and sent a protectionist instead of De Forrest, the Democrat and free trader, to Congress, they would have had less fear and more market. HENRY S. SANFORD, New-Milford, Conn., Nov. 17, 1883.

A PARALLEL.

To the Editor of The Tribune.

Sir: In 1863, in the midst of the war, the Democrats nominated Vallandigham for Governor of Ohio. He was buried under an adverse majority of 100,000. Maynard, thirty years later, was defeated by a similar majority.

Vallandigham was a traitor to his country-a cop-perhead of the vilest sort. It became necessary to perhead of the vilest sort. It became necessary to put him under arrest, but there was hesitation as to the best way to dispose of him. Abraham Lincoln said: "Give him to his own; send him through the lines." Accordingly, he was sent as a present to the rebel government.

Maynard stood morally just about as Vallandigham stood politically. He deserved his fate, and it should be a warning to future generations. Dishonesty in politics, as elsewhere, does not pay.

Orange, N. J., Nov. 24, 1832. OBSERVER.

A QUESTION OF DEFINITION. To the Editor of The Tribune. Sir: The truth of Dr. Eaton's reported dictum

Sir The truth of Dr. Eaten's reported dictions that "indifference to religion" is the real reason why men do not go to church depends largely upon what is understood by the term "religion."

If the word is taken to mean, simply and esdogmas and the repetition and observance of cergreat body of absentees of whom complaint is made must surely stand convicted of the charge of indifference. If, however, the application of the word should be rightfully extended to include the substantial recognition of and reliance upon the substantial recognition of and reliance upon the acceptance of its manifestations in the spiritual element of human nature as a real and vital force, then does not the dictum work injustice to a large and increasing number of consistent, albeit non-professing, supporters of true religion? H. H. New-York, Nov. 20, 1893.

## SHOWALTER DEFEATS HALPERN.

Club on Saturday evening, and won by Showaiter in a brilliant manner. Halpern played the French defense and resigned after ninety-seven moves. The score: Halpern, 3; Showaiter, 2.

THE RUMORED VICTORY OF MEXICAN REBELS. Deming, N. M., Nov. 26.—While no absolutely authentic information has yet been received from the scene of Thursday's battle, all reports agree that there was a rebel victory. The fight occurred near Casa de Jalose, twenty-five miles northwest of Casas Grandes. The rebels circled around the troops and at a given signal closed in. After the officers had been killed by the first fire, the soldiers attempted to take refuge in some adobe houses. The rebels pursued them, and the soldiers, huddled together and frenzied with terror, were slaughtered together and frenzied with terror, were slaughtered

Despite the published reports that no armed bands are crossing the border, details of three and four men are going down every day with the avowed intention of joining the rebels. The Mexican oficials have adopted severe measures to raise an army. Senor Dominguez, the Mexican Consul here, does not credit the rumored battle, but declares it is simply a ruse to revive the courage of the revolutionists.

IMPROVED SERVICE TO CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS.

The Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern Limited The Bailimore and Onio Southwestern Limited, leaving New-York at 9 a. m., and the fast Express, leaving at 7:30 p. m. for Cincinnati and St. Louis, are now equipped with a complete dining-car service. Pullman dining-cars are also attached to Royal Blue Line trains leaving New-York at 9, 11:30 a. m. and 5 p. m. for Baltimore and Washington.

## OBITUARY.

JOHN STRAITON.

John Straiton, familiar for many years New-Yorkers as head of the cigar and bacco house of Straiton & Storm, died yesterday morning, after a week's fliness, from pneumonia, in his room at the Murray Hill Hotel, Mr. Straiton's death was due indirectly to his neglect to wear an overcoat in uncertain and inclement weather. On the night of Sunday, Noand disdained to wear a heavy outer-coat. But he was in his sixty-fourth year, and when he returned to his rooms he had a severe shivering The cold grew heavier and heavier, but, i sisting that his illness was only a slight one, he declined to call a physician until Tuesday. Drs. Quintard and Smith were then summoned by his family, but pneumonia had set in, and from this attack he never rallied.

Mr. Straiton was a Scotsman, and it is as a Scotsman that he will be chiefly remembered long after all else in connection with him is forgotten. His large heart was ever responsive to the cries of the distressed, and to none so much as his own countrymen who had tried their fortunes in America and fallen by the way. No poor Scotsman who appealed to him ever went away empty-handed. Mr. Straiton was born, a little more than sixtyhold of the Duke of Buccleuch, His father, a business man of the little town, designed him a student in a Presbyterian College of Edinburg. Nature had blessed him with a tenor voice of exceptional sweetness and purity, and it is said to Dalkeith House, where his voice was for a time cultivated. But the death of his father obliged him to give up all thought of the ministry or of music, and when barely more than twenty-one years old he came to this country, and for a few was associated with James Symington, a

existed until a few years ago. At three partners-Straiton, Schmidt and Storm—carried it on, but Mr. Schmidt soon retired, and for the greater part of the last thirty-two years the house has borne the little familiar to all New-York. Although the lirm dealt generally in tobacco, the bulk of their trade lay in cigars. In 1886, after twenty-five years of active business life, Mr. Straiton retired. The firm then became the Owl Cigar Company. But his buoyant, boylish disposition forbade him to be idle, and more than ever he interested himself in banking matters, with which he had always been more or less associated. He was a director in the Lincoln National Bank, of which his old friend, Thomas L. James, is president; of the St. Nicholas Bank, the German-American Title and Guarantee Company and the Long Island Railroad. He had also devoted much time to the improvement of Arverne, L. I., and was head of the Arverne Improvement Company. While never forgetting the land in which he was born, he was always mindful of his duties of citizenship in the country which he had made his own. He was on the Committee of Seventy which smashed the Tweed Ring, and he was, too, for many years connected with the Board of Education. Among the Freemasons he was a prominent fligure, and in addition to his membership of the St. Nicholas Lodge, No. 321, was grand treasurer of the Order of Veiled Prophets.

His wife died three years ago and he leaves three children—a son, Wallace, and two daughters, Miss Emma V. Straiton and Mrs. Bradley A. Hard. Then funeral will take place to-morrow morning, at 930 o'clock, in the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Heavenly Rest. The Rev. Drs. D. Parker Morgan and George R. Van De Water will conduct the service. The pallbearers will include: Alfred Van Santvoord, William R. Grace, Austin Corbin, expudge Noah Davis, David S. Hammond, Arthur B. Graves, George Storm, Edward A. Quintard, George Alfred Townsend.

New-Haven, Conn., Nov. 26,-Dr. Henry Bronson lied at his home in this city this afternoon, after a long illness. The doctor had been a confirmed born in Waterbury in January, 1894, and came to this city in 1845. He was a graduate of the Yale Medical School, and later held a professorship. The doctor, however, after his retirement from the Medical School, devoted himself to study and literature. He wrote a history of Waterbury and a number of pamphlets on political economy. He leaves a fortune of about \$1,900,000.

in 1810. He was the son of the late Rev. John Fre-linghuysen Jackson. After graduation from the While abroad he visited the different hospitals in try he was made head surgeon of the New-York Hospital. His close application to study and the

te.
Jackson was the oldest member of the Colof Physicians and Surgeons, the Historical Sor and the St. Nicholas Society. The last he
d in 1845. He also belonged to the County
ical Society, the Academy of Medicine, the PaClub and the American Museum of Natural
ory. The funeral will be held in Calvary Protnt Episcopal Church this afternoon at 4 o'clock
the members of the Academy of Medicine will
nd it. attend it.

## THE TRIBUNE FRESH-AIR FUND.

 Previously acknowledged
 \$26,237.03

 Morris K. Jesup
 100.00

 Willard Parsons
 153.60

lage, L. I., celebrated its one hundred and twenty-fifth anniversary yesterday, with elaborate exer-cises, beginning early in the morning. An historical account of the church was read, and a sermon cal account of the church was read, and a sermon was preached by the Rev. J. H. Stansburg, of this city. In the afternoon the exercises were presided over by Mr. Harper, and consisted of various short addresses by the older members of the church. A chapter of the Bible was read by Mr. Harper, who also related many anecdotes of his past life in connection with the history of the church. In the evening the exercises were continued and a number of eloquent addresses were made.

BARBAROUS TREATMENT OF A PRISONER,

Mercer County, this State, died in jail here to-day from typhoid meumonia. He was arrested by Federal Marshal Harmon, brought here sick and put in jail. He slept on the iron floor with no cover but coats thrown over him by the other prisoners. Dr. Barbour ordered the marshal a number of times to move the man, but no attention was paid to him. Jones leaves six motherless children. He was arrester for selling whiskey (while drunk witnesses say). Dr. Barbour is indignant and talks of resigning.

phia, has been a guest at the Windsor Hotel in this city since last Thursday. Mr. Wanamaker has been suffering

with the grip, the result of which has been a disagree-able throat trouble, and it is to receive medical treat-ment for this that his visit to New-York is made. The trouble is in no way serious.

Mr. Wanamaker did not care to discuss political questions of interest last evening. He said to a Tribune re-

porter: "I don't think it best to criticise the Administra-tion. Works speak for themselves."

Mr. Wanamaker is accompanied by his wife and two daughters. They will probably return to Philadelphia

From The Boston Transcript.

As near to recreation as anything of the kind everengages the ever-earnest attention of Professor Elihu Thomson is the interest which he shows in the alleged applications of electricity, particularly in regard to the devices by which the unscrupilous play upon the credulous and the suffering. While at the Chicago Fair he examined at a selling stand a so-called electrical appliance to be worn in the shoes for the cure of various aliments from cold feet upward. The young woman volubly described the apparatus in political phrase "claiming everything," and then proceeded to explain the "scientific principles" by which the electric current would pass up one limb to the heart and then down by the other one, and much more of the like the professor mildly stated that electricity did not operate in the manner stated, when the young woman indignantly swept the goods back into the showcase, exclaiming: "Well, what do you know about electricity, anyway?"

of the New-Bedford steam whaler Navarch at San Francisco from the Arctic Ocean is causing a great deal of anxiety in this city, where her commander, Captain D. C. Whiteside, lives. The

Navarch had taken eleven whales, and should have arrived a month ago had she come direct from the ocean, and as all the other whaling vessels have arrived, fears of an accident or disaster are entertained.

AMERICANS TO HONOR HEINE'S MEMORY.

COLLECTING FUNDS TO PURCHASE A MONUMENT TO WILLCH THE CITY OF THE POET'S

BIRTH DECLINED TO GIVE

A PLACE. When Professor Herter, the German sculptor, projected his beautiful monument the central figure of which is the Lorelei, he hoped that the city of give it a conspicuous place in that city, to the memory of Heinrich Heine, the poet. Heine was born in Duesseldorf, and there is no doubt the artist's hopes would have been realized if Heine had not been unfortunate in the selection of his parents, who happened to be Hebrews. Then it Christian faith before he died, but that made no difference; he forfeited his claim to recognition at the hands of his townspeople, chiefly getting his poetry and his genius, the city of his "No, we will have none of it." And then the city of Mayence was looked to, but it also found the Duesseldorf peasons good and sufficient, and closed as gates against the Heine

would become of his work of art the Arion Club, of this city, went to the rescue and made arrange-

the way of thim murtherous things," said Dean when he had been picked up. "We were dodgin" the dorned We will never go near Brooklyn again. It was the first time I ever seen a throlley, and I don't want to see thim another tolme." Gray refused to go to a hospital, but his friend got a cab and took him to his lodgings.

from cold and hunger, and they must suffer bitterifrom cold and hunger, and they may even be driven interime for a living. And yet, in better circumstances they may become honest, useful men. You all know what this class of boys are. We cannot answer for them—ye from heart failure on Saturday morning, at his home, No. 556 Madison-ave., was born in New-York kindness and patience. On farms they may be particular

this winter to one of these homeless boys?

All applications may be addressed "Children's Ald Society, United Charities Building, 105 East Twenty-

## THE ADMINISTRATION AND HAWAII.

A MONSTROUS STULTIFICATION.

The restoration of the ex-Queen by our Government would not only be a monstrous studitication of Democracy, but it would be an act beyond the constitutional limits of Executive authority and a violation of international comity. The Unites States cannot engage in the business of setting up thrones, no matter how they came to be toppled over. The President has no right to direct what would be an act of war, of his own motion. The Provisional Government in Hawaii is a de factor Government. It has stood for nearly a year, it has been recognized by European Powers, it has been twice recognized by Juropean Powers, it has been twice recognized by Juropean Powers, it has been twice recognized by our own Government in the accrediting of a Minister to it. Nothing can be clearer than that the American people will never sustain the restoration of the monarchy. If anybody at Washington has entertsined a contrary notion, he must be dull indeed if he is not undecided by this time.

"THE PEOPLE" OF THE SANDWICH ISLANDS

"THE PEOPLE" OF THE SANDWICH ISLANDS. From The St. Paul Ploneer Press.

The only "people" there are in the Sandwich Islands, in the sense in which that term is used in the United States, are the foreigners engaged there in business, with a comparatively few native Hawatians. We will not contend that there are not "souls" for the missionary to work upon. But "people," in the only sense imposed on the word in political discussion, means individuals who have views about the conduct of government, and are interested in carrying them into effect.

TRYING TO CREATE A REVULSION.

From The New-York Advertiser.

The Administration is evidently very much wor ried at the sweeping condemnation which its Ha waitan policy has received, and it is using every means to bring about a revulsion of feeling. But the world of the transfer of th

WHAT IS THE NEED OF SECRECY?

WHAT IS THE NEED OF SECRECY?
From The New-York Sun.

If there is to be a "restoration," how is it to be done? What prevents the Administration from publishing its instructions, all sets, if there is more than one, to Minister Willis? What foreign complication or possibility could demand secrecy. Surely nothing in Hawaii could thwart the power of the United States, applied under the order of the President, backed by his Cabinet.

From The Hartford Courant.

Thus far the President and his Secretary of State have gone ahead "on their own hook" in the Hawaiian business, just as though the Constitution gave them the sole say about these little matters. It will be different after the first Monday in December.

WHERE USURPATION BEGINS.

From The New-York Press.

From The New-York Press.
Grover Cleveland recalled the annexation treat and hauled down the American flag in Hawaii However unpatriotic his course in so doing, hacted within and up to the limit of his constitutional power. He has no right to raise his hand strike down the independent governmen whose friendly proffer has been rejected. With the rejection his constitutional power ends. Ecyonethat limit he is a usurper.

PUBLISHED WILLIS'S INSTRUCTIONS.

From The Albany Express.

No steamer will arrive from Hawaii for nearly three weeks. During that time are the American people to remain in ignorance of what has been done on the islands? The Administration should publish its instructions to Mr. Willis and publish them with the least delay. NOT THE MAN FOR AN ADVISER.

NOT THE MAN FOR AN ADVISER.

From The Providence Journal.

Perhaps before the Hawaiian business is ended President Cleveland will become convinced that those who advised him against taking Judge Gresham into his Cabinet knew what they were talking about. Mr. Gresham's erraticism has all through his life frequently led him by hasty steps into untenable positions, and he has seldom, if ever, been able to work harmoniously with anybody with whom he has been associated.

ANYTHING TO HELP THEIR CASE. From The Boston Journal,
Now it is in order for "Paramount" Blount and
his organic apologists to charge that the cruiser
Boston's log book is a base forgery.

SIR ANDREW CLARK'S PATIENT.

From The London Star.

One of the best stories told of the late Sir Andrew Clark is the following: At a dinner party one night he noticed that the lady sitting next to him at table passed a dish to which he helped himself plentifully. He asked if she did not like it, as it was excellent. She replied: "Oh, yes, I like it, but my physician forbids me to eat it." "Stoff and nonsense!" said Sir Andrew, "It could not hurt any one. Who is your physician." To which the lady, whom the medical magnate had forgotten, answered, with a demure twinkle in her eye, "Sir Andrew Clark."

RELIGIOUS FORMS AND CEREMONIES.

CHUNDER MOZOOMDAR, A BRAHMIN, SPEAKS AT ALL SOULS' CHURCH.

Babu Protap Chunder Mozoomdar, head of the Brahmo Somaj, in India, who came to this country to attend the Religious Congress at Chicago, spoke last night at a special service at All Souls' Church. He spoke to some length of the Brahminical rites

and ceremonies, and said:
"Humanity," said he, among other remarks. "finds its centre in the Son of God. We do not repudiate any Scripture or any prophet. They are not all of the same order. We all work for the one object of saving mankind. Ceremonious decorations and rites are but different means to the same end. It matters not how these forms differ, same end. It matters not how these forms differ, so long as the outward part has not a tendency to obscure the end. But all religious followers are prone to pay such attention to outward form that the inner truth is lost. This was so when Buddha aross, and with him the spirit of India aross high above controversy and rites, and Buddhism was supreme. And then the time came when the principles that Buddha taught were forgotten in the outward show, and after 1.209 years Buddhism was supreme. Just so shall it be with all religions—it is the spirit that shall live and the forms shall die. It is therefore the duty of followers of all religions to examine themselves to see if the mediums of their creed are carrying out the objects originally intended. If they do not, and if y change of forms the spirit may be perpetuated, let not the forms be a stumbling block."

FIRE DOES \$100,000 DAMAGE IN PITTSBURG.

Pittsburg. Nov. 26.-The entire establishment of tion of one small cold storage warehouse, was de stroyed by fire this afternoon. It was located on South Twenty-first-st. The loss on building and machinery will amount to about \$100,000, on which there is \$50,000 insurance.

#### THE NEUTRALITY OF BELGIUM.

recent cable dispatch about the construction

by the German Government of a large intrenched camp at Malmedy, on Germany's Belgian frontier, reported that the whole press of Paris protested against the construction of that camp. The French papers said that if Belgium refused to protest also, maintenance of peace in Europe do not exist in reality, at least to the extent stated by the Paris came embittered when it was seen that no formal signature of a commercial convention between the Muscovite and German Governments. Frenchmen

time I ever seen a throlley, and I don't want to see thim another toime." Gray refused to go to a hospital, but his friend got a cab and tock him to his lodgings.

HOMES NEEDED FOR POOR CHILDREN.
The Children's Aid Society, of this city, has issued an appeal to the farmers and mechanics of this and near-by States, asking them to provide homes for some of the many poor children who have applied to the society for help. It is to be hoped that the appeal will call forth many responses. It reads as follows:
To the Farmers and Mechanics of New-York, Connecticut and New-Jersey:
You are aware that the Children's Aid Society is sending of continually homeless boys from our city to places and homes in the country. The winter is approaching, and already we see its melancholy signs in the hunstry, ragged, destitute boys who begin to throng our office. These lads, from twelve to seventeen years of age, have no home, or parents, or friends. They are poor and home for them this winter, they must suffer bitterly from cold and hunger, and they may even be driven into crime for a living. And yet, in better circumstances, they may become honest, useful man. You all know what they may become honest, useful man. You all know what they may become honest, useful man. You all know what they may become honest, useful man. You all know what they may become honest, useful man. You all know what they may become honest, useful man. You all know what they may become honest, useful man. You all know what they may become honest, useful man. You all know what they may become honest, useful man. You all know what they may become honest, useful man. You all know what they may become honest, useful man. You all know what they may become honest, useful man. You all know what they may become honest, useful man. You all know what they may become honest, useful man. You all know what they may become honest, useful man. You all know what they may become honest, useful man. You all know what they may become honest, useful man. You all know what they m of Europe.

The Belgians, moreover, have understood, like the Swiss, that the best way to protect the in-

CATTLE THROWN OVERBOARD IN MID-OCEAN. Boston, Nov. 26.-The mate of the steamer Mark omannia, now at this port, declares true the story printed in a Halifax paper regarding the throwing overboard of cattle from the steamship Dominion in midocean. He says the Markomannia passed the Dominion November 14, that the latter was then on live aft, and that cattle and other freight were thrown overboard in order to get at the fire.

An Opportune Friend will be found in Dr. D. Jayne's Expectorant, when racked by a Severe Cold, and the many Lung or Throat affections which sometimes follow. This old remedy has met the approval of two generations, and is to-day as

Marvelous Fuel. Sestalit, the only one of its kind the market. Send for catalogue to United States uel Co. (limited), 19 Park Place, N. Y.

When baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had children, she gave them Castoria.

DIED.

BAHRENBURG—In Hobeken, on Saturday, November 25th, 1893, Lydia Bahronburg, aged eighteen years, six months, feur days.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend funeral service on Monday, November 27th, 1893, at 8 p. m., at residence, No. 208 Uth-st.

Richard at convenience of family.

PLOODGOOD—On Friday morning, November 24th, 2014, at 1894, at 18

P. m.

Company "K" Seventh Regiment, N. G. S. N. Y.

New-York, November 25, 1893.

The members of this company are invited to be present at the funeral of our comrade, W. H. Camp, at his late residence, Morris Heights, on Monday, November 27th, at 3 o'clock p. m. Train will leave Grand Central Lepot at 2:29 o'clock p. m.

EUGENE T. KIRKLAND, Captain.

P. M. Veneralk Comp. Nava ber 25th. 193.

trai Depot at 2:20 o'clock p. m.

EUGDNET T. KIRKLAND, Captain.

EROPIT—At South Norwalk, Conn., November 25th, 1:93, Andrew J. Crofut, aged 60 years.

Notice of foneral hereaties.

HUNTINGTON—At the Island of Martinique, West Indies, on Thursday, November 23, Austin Huntington, of this city, in the 38th year of vis age.

Notice of foneral hereaties.

JACKRON—Suddenly, on Saturday, November 25th, at his residence, 566 Madison-ave, in the 83d year of his age, william Henry Jackson, M. D., son of the late Rev. John Freimphysen Jackson.

Relatives and friends of the family and members of the Academy of Medicine are invited to attend the funeral services at Calvary Church, 4th-ave, and 21st-st., on Monday afternoon, November 27th, at 4:30 o'clock.

The Medical Society of the County of New-York.—Members are requested to attend the funeral of their late associate. William Henry Jackson, M. D., at Calvary Church, 4th-ave, and 21st-st., Monday afternoon, November 23th, at 4:30.

CHARLES H. AVERY, Secretary.

KEMP.—On Thursday, November 23, at his residence, 700 Fifth-ave, George Kemp, in the 68th year of his age.

Funeral services at St. Ratheleugen's Church, Madisonave, and Forty-fourth-st., this day, November 27, at

KEMP.—On Thursday, November 23, et his residence, 220 Fifth-ave, George Kemp, in the CSH year of his age. Funeral services at St. Rartholomew's Church Madisonave, and Forty-fourth-st., this day, November 27, at 11 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

KINGSBURY—At Redlands, Cal., November 24th, 1893, Rev. Charles A. Kingsbury.
Boston and Marian (Mass.) and West Windfield (N. Y.) papers please copy.

LOWESTRE—Suddenly, November 24th, William R. Lowerre, in the 57th year of his age.
Funeral services at his residence, 408A Jefferson-ave., Brooklyn, L. L., on Monday, November 27th, at 12 o'clock.

Interment at convenience of family. Initiadelphia papers please copy.

REYNOLDS—On Friday, November 24th, Matilida, daughter of the late George Ross and wife of Sylvanus V. Reynoids.

Funeral services will be held at her residence, 48 East 73d.-st., Monday, November 27th, at 11 o'clock.

STRAITON—Suddenly, on November 29th, at his late residence, the Murray Hill Hotel, John Straiton, in his 16th year and friends, also members of St. Nicholas 16th; year, Relatives and friends, also members of St. Nicholas Lodge, 321, F. and A. M., are invited to attend the funeral services at the Church of the Heavenly Rest, 45th-st. and 5th-ave., Tuesday, November 28th, at 9:30 a. m. Interment at Flushing, L. I.

THOMPSON—At her home, on Friday, November 24th, 1893, Mayearet Antoinetic, daughter of the lete William

a. m.
Interment at Flushins, L. I.
THOMPSON-At her home, on Friday, November 24th, 1893, Margaret Antoinette, daughter of the late William R. and Janotte Noveson Thompson, the Late Montaguest., Brooklyn, Monday, November 27th, at 1 p m.

WOODLAWN CEMETERY, Office, No. 20 E. 23d-st. Woodlawn Station (24th Word), Harlem Rallroad,

## Special Notices.

The regular monthly meeting of the Ninth (9th) Assemdy Dintrict Republican Association will be held on Monlay evening, November 27, 1883, at No. 1 Abingdon Square. The Gardner Pine Seedle Embrocation.
This is the best Liminont offered to the public for Rheumatism, Gout. Lumbago, Paintul and Swollon Joints and Muscular Pains. Park & Tilford, Agents.

### Special Notices.

Thanksgiving Appeal OF THE

FIVE POINTS HOUSE OF INDUSTRY, 155 WORTH-ST., For Funds to enable it to Provide for its Large Fan As no Collector is employed our contributors are called an personally, and this method is adopted so as to cause the least annoyance. THE MOST DESTITUTE

of children in the city is under its roof, and it red for more than 25,000 inmates since its organisa-

IT IS A HOME. A CHARITY DAY SCHOOL, for any children in the vicinity, is maintained, who are too poor to be supported at home can ha and clothing nere and attend this school.

AN INFIRMARY,

dispensary attached, provides medical care for the the institution, and offers medicine and medical nee to the poor of the Five Points. MORE URGENT THAN EVER

the calls for a-sistance, and the Institution y carnestly for funds to enable it to meet the cy of the present hard times for the poor. A LARGER NUMBER THAN EVER

ere in the Institution at the present time, and support the House is partly dependent upon contributions ITS WORK FOR THE YEAR.

whole number in school since organization. There are now over 400 children each day at the dinner-table. The public are at all times welcome the visit and inspect the house.

AT 1 O'CLOCK, THANKSGIVING DINNER FOR HOUSE CHILDREN.

AT 2 O'CLOCK, THANKSGIVING DINNER FOR OUTSIDE POOR.

An affecting sight. Come and see. Last year about meals were given. INTERESTING SERVICES will be held in the chapel at 2 O'CLOCK. The child will sing, recite, perform calisticate exercises, Public cardelly invited.

The salest mode of renittance is by check to the of HUGH N. CAMP, Tressurer, 155 Worth-st.

of HUGH N. CAMP, Treasurer, 159 Woldstein, TRUSTEES:

MORRIS K. JESUP, President, GEO, R. BETTS, Sety GEORGE R. MORGAN, CHARLES LAMIER, DAVID S. EGLENTON, OLIVER HARRIMAN, WALTER H. LEWIS, HENRY E. HAWLEY, WM. F. BARNARD, Superintendent,

THANKSGIVING APPEAL
OF THE
HOWARD MISSION AND HOME FOR LITTLE

HOWARD MISSION AND HOME FOR LITTLE
WANDERERS,

225 East 11th-st. (near Third-ave.), N. Y. City.

ESTABLISHED in 1801. INCORPORATED in 1804.

Is a Benevolent Charitable and Christian Institution
and Homeless Children, and worthy Families of the Pool
and Homeless Children, and worthy Families of the Pool
and Homeless Children, and worthy Families of the Pool
This appeal of the "HOWARD MISSION" respectfully
Solicits for Finacial Aid to Carry on its Benevolent,
Charitable and thristian work among the Families of the
Poor and their Children, large numbers of whom have been
placed in kind Christian homes, or helped to homerable
lives of industry and usefulness.

This Mission solely depends upon voluntary contributions for its support.
Number of Families known to the MISSION and reciplents of benefits from time to time during the
year
Number of Children, members of above Families 1,068
year
Number of Children, members of shove Families 2,300
Placed in Homes and Rusiness situations 53
Received in Mission Home during the year 53
Received in Mission Home during the year 53
Received as Members of Sunday-school—Infant Department 500

Enrolled as Members of Sunday.school-Intermediat
Enrolled as Members of Sunday.school-Intermediat
Department
Enrolled as Members of Young Women's Bible Class.
Enrolled as Members of Young Women's Bible Class.
Enrolled as Members of Mothers Bible Class.
Kumber of Sick visited and relieved during the year.
Mothers' Conference and Prayer Meeting, The
eyening, 7:30. Caldren's Conference and Frais M
Friday afternoon, 3:30, at the MISSION ROOMS
Cast Librat.

evening revening afternoon, 3:30, at the MISSAN Priday afternoon, 3:30, at the MISSAN PRICE HOWARD Money or Checks may be sent to "THE HOWARD MISSION, P. O. Box 3,323." or to A. S. Hatch, President, 15 Cordandtest, Sew-York City, of any kind may be Bundles, beyon barrels or supplies of any kind may be sent to the Mission House, No. 225 East 11th-st., Now-York City, or will be sent for on receipt of notice.

Very respectfully yours,

A. S. HATCH, President. J. F. WYCKOFF, Secretary. REV. A. P. STOCKWELL, General Superintendent.

> THE HOSPITAL SATURDAY AND

SUNDAY ASSOCIATION

OF NEW-YORK

Sons of the Revolution.-State of New York Society. Sons of the Revolution.—State the annual meeting of this Society will be held at FRAUNCES' TAVERN, corner Broul and Pearl sts., in the city of New-York, on Monday December 4th, 1803, at 3 o'clock p. m. for the election of officers and managers for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the Society.

The polls will be open from 3 until 4:30 o'clock.

JAMES MORTIMER MONTGOMERY, Secretary. New-York City, Nov. 25, 1803.

Postoffice Notice.

Foreign mails for the week ending Dec. 2 will close forompily in all cases) at this office as follows:

Owing to certain requirements of the name of them. On Supplementary Cunard or Havre mail steamers piers of the lat and 28th of November.

MONDAY—At 1p. m. for Inagua, Cape Hayti, and Monta Christy, per s. s. Empress; at '3 p. m. for Belize, Puerto Cortez, and Guatemala, per s. s. Silliwater, from New-Orleans.

TUESDAY—At 5 a. m. for Europe, per s. s. Aller, via Southampton and Bremen; at '3 p. m. for Bluefields, per s. s. Gusste, from New-Orleans.

WEDNISDAY—At 5 a. m. for Europe, per s. s. Germand, '11 a. m. for Contamination of the contamination of

## Religiona Notices

REV. PERCY S. GRANT, Recuss of Church of the Accession, will speak at the Fourteenth-st. noonday meeting to-morrow, 2 p. m. Metropolitan Hall, opposite Macy's Metropolitan meetings. Mr. YATMAN, Leader.